

The North Adams Transcript.

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The Transcript.

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TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, BANK STREET,
NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Transcript Publishing Company
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

DAILY TRANSCRIPT.

Issued every afternoon (except Sundays)
at four o'clock.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—One year, \$6.00; six
months, \$3.00; three months, \$1.50; one month,
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advertising call at our address Business Office of
THE TRANSCRIPT.

WEEKLY TRANSCRIPT.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, strictly in advance.

Issued every Thursday morning.

A valuable advertising medium; especially de-
sirable for country trade.

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BUSINESS OFFICE, 230

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Dispatches received by Western Union wire up
to 10:30 p.m.

THE TRANSCRIPT receives the full telegraphic
service of the American Press Association.

The Transcript is the only newspaper in
Western Massachusetts receiving regularly the
special dispatches of the UNITED PRESS and
the special dispatches of the NEW ENGLAND
ASSOCIATED PRESS, the oldest and best news
gathering agency in New England.

E. E. VADNAIS, D. D. S.

Dental Parlor.

30 Main street. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m. 1 to
5 p. m. Gold filling specialty.

SIMMONS & CARPENTER.

Furnishing Undertakers.

No. 20 Eagle St., North Adams, Mass.

JOHN E. MAGENIS.

Attorney & Counselor.

At Law. Office Kimball block, Main street,
North Adams

C. T. PHELPS.

Attorney and Counselor

At Law. Office, Adams Bank Block, Main
street, North Adams

DR. ANNE M. BLOSSOM.

Physician and Surgeon.

Church Place. Office hours 9 to 5 a. m.; 2
to 6 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

GEORGE P. LAWRENCE.

Attorney and Counselor.

At Law. 77 Main Street, North Adams. Sav-
ings Bank Building.

B. W. NILES.

Attorney and Counselor

At Law. Office, Hoosac Savings Bank Block,
Main Street, North Adams

EDWIN T. BARLOW, B. S.,

Architect.

Office in Hoosac Savings Bank building. Room
20. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m. Evenings
by appointment.

W. G. PARKER.

Practical Mechanic.

Light Machine and General Repairing. Model
and experimental work. Bicycle repairing. Near
Hoosac Bank Block, Main Street.

C. W. WRIGHT, M. D.

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

New Bank block, Main street. Attending Eye
and Ear Surgeon at hospital. Formerly clinical
assistant at Central London Eye Hospital, also
assistant Surgeon at New York Throat and Nose
Hospital. Glasses properly fitted.

J. H. FLAGG.

Livery, Sale and Boarding Stable

Main street, opposite the Wilson House, North
Adams. Nice coaches for weddings, parties and
funerals. First-class single horse and carriage
at short notice on reasonable terms. Also, village
coach to and from all trains. Telephone con-
nection.

S. VADNER & BROTHER.

Carriage and Wagon Builders.

Manufacturers of all styles of carriages, sleighs
and heavy wagons made to order
at short notice. All work warranted as repre-
sented. Repairs done at all times on reason-
able terms. Dealers in all kinds of factory
wagons and carriages, harnesses, robes and
blankets. Center St., near of Blackinton block.

NORTH ADAMS SAVINGS BANK

Established 1848. 73 Main street, adjoining
Adams National Bank. Business hours: 9 a. m.
to 4 p. m.; Saturday till 6 p. m.

President—A. C. HOUGHTON.

Treasurer—V. A. WHITAKER.

Vice-Presidents:

William Burton, G. L. Rice, W. H. Gaylord.

Trustees:

A. C. Houghton, C. H. Cutting,
William Burton, W. H. Gaylord,
George L. Rice, W. H. Gaylord,
A. B. Wright, W. A. Gallop,
H. T. Cady, Arthur Robinson,
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THE ADAMS

NATIONAL BANK

NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Incorporated 1833. Reorganized 1865

Capital, \$500,000

Surplus & Undivided Profits, 150,000

B. W. BRAYTON, President.

A. C. HOUGHTON, Vice-President.

E. S. WILKINSON, Cashier.

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W. G. Cady, W. H. Chase, H. W. Clark.

Accounts and Collections Solicited.

UNITED PRESS.

By Telegraph

3.30 O'CLOCK.

ENGLAND'S TROUBLE.

The Whole World Seems to be
Against Her Just Now.

GERMANY IS AROUSED. SEV- ENTY OF JAMESON'S MEN KILLED AND THIR- TY WOUNDED.

Another Terrible Massacre.

THOUSANDS DEAD IN TURKEY

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Trouble seems to
thicken about England. The South Afri-
can disturbance now follows hard upon
the serious complication with the United
States, and England seems to be the
hated of the world.

So complex is the situation in Transvaal,
with powerful foes within the Cape colony
and foreign powers hostile to the
expansion of the British influence, that
nothing can be drawn from the future
favorable to England. The outbreak of
vehement charges against England's
rapacity in the German and French and
even Austrian newspapers, awakens the
public here to the fact of Great Britain's
isolation among the nations.

Frederic Harrison, the distinguished
writer, last Wednesday declared there is
no nation on the earth so heartily hated
as Great Britain. The British press says
it is partly traceable to foreign jealousies
of British prosperity and of the expansion
of empire. Continental nations, it declares,
are filled with furious hatred as they
watch the steady growth of the empire
and see the flag of England floating over
almost all the choice spots of the globe.

Americans, it adds, cannot be accused of
hating Great Britain under a similar influ-
ence, but they hate her because of the of-
fensive air of superiority the British as-
sume in their dealings with other peoples.

The government has received the fol-
lowing despatch from Cape Town dated
at noon today: "Jameson surrendered at
2 o'clock in the afternoon of the 2nd in-
stant. The actual fighting lasted from 3
in the afternoon of the first till 11 at night.
Jameson made three attacks. The men
behaved in the most gallant manner. The
Boers attacked the angle of Jameson's
force and had a fire on his front and
flank."

Of the forces led into Transvaal by Dr.
Jameson seventy were killed, thirty
wounded and 500 taken prisoners. It is
stated in the Cape Town papers that
Jameson, White and Willoughby are
lodged in the Pretoria jail.

The St. James Gazette calls the Ger-
man emperor's message to the President
of Transvaal a gratuitous insult to Eng-
land. German feeling is running high
against England.

Everything is now quiet at the scene of
the recent trouble.

ANOTHER AWFUL MASSACRE.

Turkey Again the Scene of Thousands of Murders.

[Special Dispatch to the Transcript.]

LONDON, Jan. 4.—A correspondent of
the United Press at Constantinople tele-
graphs under date of January 3, that a ter-
rible massacre has taken place in Birlidjik,
near Aintab in Asia Minor. The official
report of the occurrence states 900 persons
were killed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 4.—It is believed the massacre at Birlidjik was committed by Kurds of the Hamadiah cavalry. The recent massacre at Orfab was a terrible affair. The porte admits 900 persons were killed there, but other accounts say 2000 were slaughtered.

BLACKBURN OUT OF IT.

[Special Dispatch to the Transcript.]

FRANKFURT, Ky., Jan. 4.—It is reported
on good authority that Representative
Poor, Populist, has written a letter pledg-
ing himself to vote for a Republican for
United States senator. This upsets all
Blackburn's calculations and means his
defeat.

MOONSHINER'S KILLED.

[Special Dispatch to the Transcript.]

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 4.—In a battle
between a posse of officers and moon-
shiners in North Carolina near the Ten-
nessee line, seven men are reported killed
and several others hurt.

BAT SHEA MUST DIE.

[Special Dispatch to the Transcript.]

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—Governor Morton to-
day refused to interfere in Bat Shea's case,
and the Troy ruffian will be electrocuted
Tuesday.

UTAH IS NOW A STATE.

[Special Dispatch to the Transcript.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The president
today signed the proclamation making
Utah a state.

NOT PROPERLY APPRECIATED.

"Julius Caesar" Last Night at Columbia Opera House Was Good.

The audience that greeted the Hanford,
Spencer and O'Brien dramatic combi-
nation at Columbia opera house was not a
great encouragement to stimulate good
acting. As had been repeatedly an-
nounced, the play given was "Julius
Caesar," and those who were fortunate
enough to be present had the pleasure of
seeing some very fine acting. The play
was heavy, of course, and the actors were
gladiators. It was passably staged, but
the costumes were unusually good. Cen-
tering the attention on Mr. Hanford as
Mark Antony, Elhu Spencer as Cato
Cassius and on James Carke as Marcus
Brutus, the entertainment was of a very
high order. The grief of Antony at find-
ing the body of Caesar on the floor of the
senate was an excellent piece of acting,
better even than his speech to the people
in Caesar's funeral. With all his force
Mr. Hanford seems better able to express
emotion than passion. Further proof of
this was found in his very effective render-
ing of the few words in tribute to the
nobility of Brutus.

Mr. Spencer acted the part of Cassius
well, allowing a little for some near ap-
proaches to the grotesque when showing
his hatred for Antony. It was only at
times, though he seemed to put forth his
best effort. Mr. Carke's work as Brutus
was most acceptable. His oration at
Caesar's funeral convinced the people
most naturally of the right in his act of
slaying the "ambitious" emperor. The
high character of his work was well sus-
tained throughout. Bertram Temple was
a good Julius Caesar. He was imperial
enough, and yet tender enough to give
way gracefully to the entreaties of Cal-
phurnia.

CHARGE MARKETS.

Wheat—May 60. July 60.
Corn—May 25. July 25.
Oats—May 19. July 19.
Pork—May 9.37. July 9.37.
Lard—May 5.70. July 5.70.

SANFORD POST INSTALLATION

A Speech by Comrade Tower Too Good for
the Newspapers.

The officers of C. D. Sanford post, G. A.
R., were installed last night in Grand
Army hall in the presence of a large num-
ber of the members of the post. Comrade
Louis F. Amador was installing officer.
During the evening Comrade Tower made
a speech that pleased the veterans well.
It was considered too good by Comrade
Fulton to be made public at this time. It
was reserved for a meeting of the post's
associate membership which will be
called in a few weeks. Then it will be
given for its effect and will be given out
at that time. The speech, it is understood,
deals with the memorial building project.
After the installation the veterans en-
joyed cigars.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

—Side Tracked will be the attraction at
the Columbia next Wednesday evening.
Seats on sale Monday at Bartlett's.

—The social and dance given by the
Robert Emmet Monumental association in
its rooms in the Hoosac bank block last
evening was attended by a nearly fifty cou-
ples and was very successful.

—The fourth of the series of dances
being given by the Knights of Pythias
this winter was held last evening in Pythian
hall. About 100 persons were present
and the occasion proved a very delightful
one.

—The annual meeting of the Universa-
list church will be held this evening at
7.30 o'clock. The yearly report will be
read and the election of officers will take
place. Names for church membership
will be voted upon.

—Sowing the Wind which made such
a decided hit here in December will play
a return engagement at the Columbia on
next Thursday evening. This was said to
be the best production given here this
season. Seats on sale at Bartlett's Tues-
day at 9 a. m.

—The subject of the debate of the F. M.
T. A. society tomorrow afternoon is "Re-
solved, That capital punishment is un-
just." The affirmative will be presented
by John Henry, John Dooling and Wil-
liam Brown, and the negative by Joseph
Barrington, Dennis Kelley and John Lar-
kin.

Ice on the Farm.

The advent of winter reminds us that
the season of storing ice is at hand. Ev-
ery farmer, whether in the business of
dairying or not, should put up a store of
ice for family use. The advantage to the
housewife of having a refrigerator easily
accessible, where articles of food and
cans of meat can be kept in a cool condi-
tion, unaffected by the high temperatures
prevailing, can hardly be realized until
it has been provided. Providing an ice-
house and storing up the frozen crystals
in a manner to keep through the hot
weather are simple matters and easily
understood. There is still time to build
an icehouse to fill the present winter.
But, says the Maine Farmer, any out-
building not otherwise in use can be im-
proved for the purpose. Partition off
a section, fill the walls with sawdust,
cover the bottom with a layer of the
same, and after filling over with a foot
of sawdust or chopped straw. Keep the
snow scraped from the field of ice where
the cutting is to be done. Harvest it as
soon as the ice attains 10 or 12 inches
in thickness.

The Catch of Timothy.

Complaint is made in many quarters
that the catch of timothy, even when a
good one, does not hold on the land as it
used to do. The truth is that timothy
grass is an exhaustive crop, fully as
much so as are the grains, especially if
the latter are seeded with clover when-
ever grown. Timothy roots feed chiefly
near the surface, and the plant, having
a narrow leaf, gets little from the atmo-
sphere. The only advantage that the tim-
othy crop has over wheat with regard to
soil fertility is that the timothy and pro-
tects the surface soil in winter, and it
has also a greater root growth when it
is plowed under. But it will not do to
plow timothy so very deeply, for its
roots will mainly be found near the sur-
face. With clover, on the contrary, each
year's plowing may be made a little
deeper than that of the previous year
without injury either to the soil or to
the succeeding crop.—American Cultiva-
tor.

The Bishop of Carlisle boasts that he can sow on a button better than any woman can do it. It is to be hoped so. Most women are failures at sowing on buttons—sow them on too tight.

A GROWING CONCERN.

A Quietly Developed Industry Has Reached Very Prom- ising Proportions.

MANUFACTURES WOMEN'S GARMENTS

Something About a Business of Which Many Know but Little. A Flourish- ing Young Enterprise on Hol- den Street. Its History.

There is one business concern in this
city that has been developed so quietly
that undoubtedly many of our citizens do
not know of its existence. This is the
manufacturing and wholesale mercantile
business of W. C. Ellis, which has just
been moved from Main street to Sperry's
new building on Holden street. The busi-
ness, owing to a steady increase, has de-
manded more room for some time and Mr.
Ellis seized the first opportunity to secure
adequate accommodations.

Two years ago Mr. Ellis left the John-
son company's store, of which he had
been manager for several years, and be-
gan wholesaling print cloths of local man-
ufacture. The business was begun in a
modest way, but increased rapidly, and
soon a very considerable trade was built
up. Last February there was added to
this business the manufacture of ladies'
dress waists and wrappers, and this branch
of the business also grew rapidly. The
goods found a ready sale and gave satis-
faction and the manufacture was increased
until twelve sewing machines were oper-
ated and seventeen girls employed. But
with this force the demand could not be
supplied and Mr. Ellis realized that he
must have larger quarters or suffer his
business to be seriously curtailed.

Under such circumstances he was for-
tunate in being able to secure such admi-
rable accommodations as he has in the
Sperry block. He occupies one-half of
the building, which gives him three floors
and a spacious basement. The office is on
the first floor, where the packing will be
done. The second floor is used for a stock
room, and the cutting and making of
garments will be done in the third story,
which is being fitted with every facility
for the work. There will be twenty
sewing machines on a long table, and the
power will be furnished by an electric
motor. Twelve machines will be started
at once and all will be running in a week
or ten days. About thirty girls will be
employed, and possibly more, for in ad-
dition to waists and wrappers Mr. Ellis
will manufacture Dr. Bragg's patent dress
shield, and if this proves as popular as
it is expected to it may necessitate a con-
siderable increase in the force of employes.

The Singer sewing machine is used
chiefly, although a few Wheeler & Wilson
machines are also operated. The gar-
ments are made almost entirely of goods
manufactured in North Adams. Three
salesmen are kept constantly on the road.
They are S. E. Parker and Ernest Ripley
of this city and E. B. Richardson of
Cheshire. These men cover the trade
from Maine to Minnesota and have done
much to build up the trade that has been
established.

The building is lighted by electricity
and contains a hydraulic elevator that
runs from the cellar to the upper floor.
It is a substantial and roomy structure
and makes admirable quarters for this in-
dustry, as well as for Mr. Sperry's whole-
sale crockery business, which occupies the
other half. Mr. Ellis has speaking tubs
extending to all parts of his estab-
lishment and will lack no necessary con-
venience when all his arrangements are
completed.

The cutting of the garments is an in-
teresting feature of the work. It is done
on a long table made of very heavy pine
planks. Forty-eight thicknesses of cloth
are laid on the table at one time, the pat-
terns are placed on top and the whole is
cut through at one time with a knife.
The table is long enough to lay on pat-
terns for three garments. It takes two
thicknesses of the cloth for each garment,
and so at each cutting the cloth for
seventy-two garments is prepared for the
two sewing machines. This room will
present an animated scene when in full
operation.

A gratifying fact in connection with this
business is that Mr. Ellis takes a finished
product of our mills, something at ready
for the market, and by making it into
garments compels it to yield to North
Adams labor a still further opportunity
for employment. The business is yet
small in comparison with our other man-
ufacturing concerns, but it has demon-
strated its capability of growth, and it is
only to be hoped that it will continue to
expand until it becomes one of the promi-
nent, as it is already one of the promising
and profitable industries of this city.

VERY ODD NAMES.

Those Who Bore Them Helped to Save the Country.

EDITOR TRANSCRIPT:—How are these
for names? They are found in the
rosters of some of the regiments in
the continental army. I do not think
they are likely to be samples to give to
any youngsters of the present day. Let
us hope they were good soldiers.

Chronamus Aere,
Perendence Day,
Michael Wildgoose,
Silas Halfpenny,
Sharp Yell,
Philip Rancake,
Seth Toothaker,
Axtene Whitteooton,
Shubael Shirt,
Jehu Crack,
London Goodluck,
Corn Toddy.

Christian Staddle,
Rorow Murder,
Paul Pimple,
Charles Grunt,
Randle Death,
Jeremiah Silkrags,
I. Schoot,
Bean Pigman,
Learned Lamb,
Uria Left Year,
Frettyman Merry,
Jacob Masketter,
Philip Slaughter.

Joseph Burke.

Joseph Burke, aged thirty-four years,
died at his residence on Eagle street this
morning after a long illness.

Mr. Burke was born in Bennington, Vt.,
and lived for some years at Pownal, Vt.,
from which place he came to this town
about four months ago. He was married
in this town about thirteen years ago to
Miss Mary McConnell of Stamford, Vt.
He is survived by a widow, one daughter,
Mary, and four sons, Joseph, Michael,
Thomas and Daniel Burke.

The funeral will occur from St. Francis
church at 8 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

CHURCH NOTICES.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—

North Church street. Rev. George W. Brown,
D. D., pastor. Residence, No. 7 North Church
street. Class meeting, 9:30 a. m. Morning serv-
ice, 10 a. m. Sunday school, 12 m. Junior League
meeting, 4:30 p. m. Ladies' meetings, 6 p. m.
Evening service, 7 p. m. Epworth League meet-
ing, Tuesday evening at 7:30. Church prayer meet-
ing Thursday evening at 7:30. Music, quartet
and chorus choir. E. A. Tower, organist and
director.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Main street. Rev. W. L. Tenney, pastor. Residence, No. 23 Church street. Morning service, 10:30. Sunday school, 12 m. Christian Endeavor meet- ing, 6:15 p. m. Evening service, 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Tuesday at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Music, chorus choir. George A. Mitzke, organist and director.

ST. JOHN'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH—

Eagle Street. Rev. Charles E. Burke, pastor;
Rev. John C. Ivers and Rev. George Flynn, as-
sistant pastors. Residence, No. 67 Eagle street.
Low Mass, 8 and 9:15 a. m. High Mass, 10:30 a.
m. Sunday school, 2:30 p. m. Vespers and Be-
nediction, 4 p. m. Music, chorus choir. M. D.
LeClair, organist and director.

CHURCH OF NOTRE DAME—East Main street. Rev. Charles H. Jeannotte, pastor. Resi- dence, No. 143 East Main street. Mass, 8 and 9:15 a. m. High Mass, 10:30 a. m. Sunday school, 2 p. m. Vespers, 4 p. m. Music, chorus choir. Joseph Brodeur, organist and director.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH—Summer street. Rev. John C. Tebbel, pastor. Residence, No. 28 Summer street. Sunday school, 10 a. m. Morn- ing Prayer and sermon, 11. Evening Prayer and sermon, 7. Holy Communion every Sunday at 7:30 a. m., excepting first Sunday of each month, when it is held at 11 a. m. Friday evening serv- ice, 7:30. Music, vested choir. J. K. Smith, or- ganist and director.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH—Chestnut street. Rev. H. J. Goudy, pastor. Residence, No. 78 East Quincy street. Morning service 10:30. Sunday school, 12 m. Evening service, 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Main street. Past- or, Rev. D. Penney. Residence, No. 24 Church street. Prayer meeting, 9:30 a. m. Praying service, 10:30. Sunday school, 12 m. Junior B. Y. P. U. prayer meeting, 8 p. m. Even- ing service, 7. Young people's meeting, Tuesday evening, 7:30. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, 7:30. Music, vested choir. David Roberts, organist and director.

FIRST UNIVERSALIST CHURCH—Summer street. Rev. A. B. Church, pastor. Residence, No. 42 Church street. Morning service, 10:30. Sunday school, 12 m. Evening service, 7 p. m. C. U. praise and devotional service, 8 p. m. Thursday evening prayer meeting, 7:30. Music, quartet. Jesse Hadden, organist and director.

SALVATION ARMY—Barracks on Eagle street. Miss Corp. captain. Residence, No. 5 Lincoln street. Sunday services 7 and 11 a. m., and 3 and 8 p. m. services during the week every evening except Tuesday.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—

—near of Summer and Morris streets. Arthur
J. Davis, general secretary. Building open week
days from 9 a. m. to 9:30 p. m.; Sunday from 2:30
to 5:30 p. m. Boys' service Sunday at 3:15 p. m.
Music by the Boys' orchestra. Men's meeting
Sunday at 4 p. m.

HOUSE OF ISRAEL—Frances street, near State street. Solomon Ratner, rabbi. Regular services Saturday from 8 to 10 a. m.

For Tomorrow.

ST. JOHN

The Transcript.

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at four o'clock.

WEEKLY—Issued every Wednesday morning.

BY THE
TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM
TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, BANK STREET,
NORTH ADAMS, MASS.I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was as mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was drunk.
—John A. Andrew.

SPECIAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Besides the telegraphic service of the American Press Association, this Transcript receives regularly the general dispatches of the United Press, giving the news of the country and the world, and the special dispatches of the New England Associated Press, the oldest and best news gathering agency in New England, or to whom to send, and

TEN HOURS LATER
Than any other newspaper in Western Mass.

Entered at the Post Office, North Adams, Mass., as second class mail matter.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 4, 1896

MAYOR HOUGHTON.

Next week in all probability the more important if not all of the appointments to offices in the city government will be made by the mayor. So far as knowledge of the men and their characteristics, as shown in other business or professional occupations, can indicate, our citizens will then know what kind of management our public affairs are to have during the first year, at least, of their operation under a city charter. For, so far as the legislative part of the city government is concerned, opinion has already been very generally established through ample consideration and discussion of the elected officers, and the opinion is certainly flattering to them individually and as a body. If the appointments by the mayor are correspondingly good the conditions for starting our municipality right will indeed be bright and promising.

The executive powers of the city, under a wise provision of the charter, are vested to such a degree in the mayor that it is exceedingly fortunate, that the one first to hold this office of unusual trust and responsibility is one whose prominent business characteristics are so well known as to leave no uncertainty as to what, in the main, will be his policy in the management of municipal affairs.

His inaugural statements Monday whether made as a formal address or in the shape of an informal talk with his neighbors about city affairs, will be listened to with deep interest. But it will not be because there is any doubt as to his intention of having the city affairs conducted on strict business principles, or of his ability to carry out his intentions. But rather because it is the first time, any definition of policy or statement of future action has ever been looked for, even hinted at as being desired of him, by his fellow citizens in connection with the bestowal of any public honor or compliment they could induce him to accept.

Nothing like promises will be asked for or expected now. None are necessary in a community where he is so well known; a community in which all parties agreed the office upon him, and where even the shrewdest politicians forgot for once that there were any such things as advanced promises or pledges. And as to a statement now of future action or policy the public will be fully satisfied with any of his clear business-like ideas about city government he may give them; any such ideas expressed by him are certain to be clearly expressed, and his general beliefs about the best municipal principles can be pretty well understood when his interest in the admirable features of our city charter is borne in mind.

No man ever took an official chair more absolutely free from political obligations of any kind, or honored with a more universal confidence or warmer regard of the community offering him the chair, than Mr. Houghton in taking the chair of our mayorality. This dictation, even though the increased responsibilities and duties attending it may seem unwelcome, must be gratifying to any man. In this case it is a distinction which has been well earned.

It was not so many years ago but that it is still remembered here, when this community received a shock that it seemed most almost a paralyzing stroke to its prosperity and progress. A great manufacturing industry was in financial ruin; an industry which had been one of the mainstays of this locality. Those were dark days indeed for North Adams; among the darkest it has ever known. A young man stepped to the front and with indomitable courage and rare ability, until then almost untied, with overwhelming odds against him, brought order out of chaos, and by his own exertions in financial circles and his remarkable power of organization placed the Arnold print works on a footing that has since been the admiration of the industrial world.

From the day that Mr. Houghton thus started his career there has never been a time when any worthy enterprise looking to the advancement and welfare of North Adams' interests has sought his valuable aid in vain. Considerations of party, class or creed have been unknown to him in his broad-gauged, public spirited benefactions, and his unrelenting labors toward giving this community the enviable reputation it now holds among the enterprising cities of our state. A career started in North Adams' darkest days gives the prime of its experience to our city in the days that are the brightest and most promising it has ever known. No inaugural statements or definition of policy could promise more of devotion to the good of our city than has been already proven by its first mayor.

Today Utah territory will become the forty-fifth state in the Union by proclamation of the president, and the new state's civic machinery will be started running Monday. The population of Utah, according to the territorial census taken this year, is nearly 245,000, being an increase of nearly fourteen per cent. over the number as ascertained by the federal census taken in 1890. Nearly four-fifths of the population is American born, and there are about 6000 more males than females in the territory. The total assessed valuation of the state is a trifle less than \$100,000,000, nearly one-half of which is land, \$17,000,000 personal property and \$11,000,000

railroads. Few states have made such a showing upon their admission to the union. Utah doubtless would have become a state years ago, with less population and less wealth, had it not been for the polygamous practices which she inherited from Mormon rule.

Williamstown business men are complaining bitterly over the condition of their trade since the electric railway to North Adams was put in operation. One firm has already failed. The trade certainly all going to North Adams, even the grocery trade being headed that way. Part of the town finds it harder to ride on the cars to trade in the new city than to walk to the Williamstown stores. Here is a hint for the business men of Bennington. Beyond question their business would be nearly doubled by an electric road between here and the state line.—Bennington Reformer.

Oh, come off now. Anyone would think from this that North Adams was a sort of combination, devouring monster—shark and hog, perhaps. Well, it isn't. While we aren't over modest down here, yet we aren't devouring any of our neighbors. But perhaps Bennington had better not get any state line electric railroad, that would soon be hitched on to the Williamstown line, if electric road connections with North Adams are so dangerous.

One member of the New York Chamber of Commerce soundly opposed the board's action looking to peace at any price, as it seemed him. He said, during the course of remarks which were greeted with applause: "It is the duty of this chamber to hold up the hands of the executive. A war with Great Britain would be the greatest calamity of the century. Still, the sentiment of the chamber ought to be unanimous against the nation which refuses arbitration, and not against an executive who offers arbitration. This is no time to talk of money cost." The speaker said he would rather see every dollar overturned under the boiler of a battleship than to state one jot of national honor.

There is cold and probably unconscious humor in that part of Governor Greenhalge's message referring to tuberculosis. He innocently observes: "There seems to be less opposition to the work of the commission, and an increase of confidence in the methods adopted." A big fall price for every cow killed has within a year brought about indeed "less opposition" and "an increase of confidence" among the farmers. "Confidence" is easy to secure under the conditions now provided.

North Adams need not be discouraged about the new reservoir outlay. The annual report of the city of Northampton, only about half the size of this town, shows that a new reservoir has been built at a cost of \$70,000 and a new water main at a cost of \$62,000. Still the public water-works are a paying city investment and the water debt is being reduced \$12,000 each year. North Adams with her larger enterprise and greater number of water consumers can do even better than Northampton.

The chief of police of Chicopee in his annual report has one exceedingly strange recommendation to make. It is that the personal habits of some of the force be turned over to the Keeley cure for revision and correction. This beats all the police recommendations we ever hear of. What would be the matter of summarily cashiering the possessors of these irregular police habits? How would such a revelation and recommendation have been accepted from Chief Fuller in this town?

The community spirit and the united and harmonious effort of the town of North Adams made it not only a prosperous community but a marked town in New England. The same spirit and the same united and harmonious effort of the city of North Adams will make it a marked city in New England.

The gypsy moth is still to have the state chasing him with full intent to kill. Gov. Greenhalge says that his mothbait is just about holding his own in his struggle for existence with the great commonwealth of Massachusetts. But let him take warning! The state will be after him again with a new appropriation.

The Cuban patriots' forces have established their headquarters within forty miles of Havana. The patriot forces are said to number 23,000 men full of patriotism and ginger, while the Spanish troops, because of being unpaid, are in a fair way to mutiny.

Unless weather arrangements fall, to-morrow will be a terribly cold day. The cold wave coming is the severest and most extensive of the season, reaching from the lakes to the gulf. Get out your ulsters, and let the church janitors pile on the Sunday coal.

The spam that has seized Governor Morton's friends since his pronounced candidacy for the presidency seems almost like overdoing it. Some of the New York state papers devote columns to the glorification and praise of Mr. Morton and the convention is five months away still.

John Boyd Thatcher is Albany's new mayor. The tough men and women of that city are looking for more license from him than they will probably get. Ex-Mayor Wilson was a Parkhurstian and vice suffered during his late term of office.

All that was best in the old form of town government North Adams generally got. North Adams can get the best there is in city government, too, and will if the spirit of the past continues.

Pillsbury, the Brooklyn lad, leads by a whole game at the end of the first half of the world's chess championship contest. The score now stands: Pillsbury 6; Lasker 5; Steinitz 4; Tschigorin 1.

Richard Mansfield is to quit the stage for good and become a lecturer. He will probably be a case of spoil a good actor to make a poor orator. He is an ill-natured man, anyway.

Let us have the best city in the state. We can, if we all accept the new conditions in the right spirit.

Welcome and success to the members of our first city government! May they live long and prosper!

Oliver Belmont and Mrs. Alva Vanderbilt engaged—another gold syndicate sure.

Goodbye town government.

Welcome to the city.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

Fitchburg Railroad.

Corrected Dec. 16, 1895.
Trains Leave North Adams going East—11:37, 12:15, 7:30, 9:05, 11:44 a. m.; 2:25, 3:40, 5:00 p. m.
Going West—7:30, 10:06 a. m.; 12:30, 1:34, 5:00, 11:44, 12:30, 7:40 p. m.
Trains Arrive from East—10:06 a. m.; 12:15, 1:24, 5:00, 12:05, 11:45, 11:59 p. m.
From West—11:37, 12:15, 7:30, 9:05, 11:44, 12:00, 2:22, 3:40, 5:00 p. m.; 11:00 a. m.
a. Runs Daily, except Monday.
b. Runs Daily, Sunday included.
c. Sundays only.

Boston & Albany Railroad.

Trains Leave North Adams, Going South—6:30, 9:30 a. m.; 12:15, 2:00, 6:00 p. m.
Trains Arrive from South—6:30 a. m.; 12:05, 2:25, 5:00, 8:10 p. m.

Housatonic Valley Street Railway.

Leave North Adams—6:10, 7:45, 8:30, 9:15, 10:45, 11:30 a. m.; 12:15, 1:45, 2:30, 3:15, 4:45, 5:30, 6:15, 7:45, 8:30, 9:15 p. m.
10 to 12 minute only.
Leave Adams—5:30, 6:10, 7:45, 8:30, 9:15, 10:45, 11:30 a. m.; 12:15, 1:45, 2:30, 3:15, 4:45, 5:30, 6:15, 7:45, 8:30, 9:15 p. m.
10 to 12 minute only.

Saturday and Sunday afternoons, leave each end at 1:30, 1:45, 2:30, 3:15, 4:45, 5:30, 6:15, 7:45, 8:30, 9:15, 10:45, 11:30 p. m.
Sundays only.

Sunday cars will be run to suit convenience of church attendants.

Stages.

Run Daily, except Sundays.

NORTH ADAMS AND WILLIAMSTOWN.

Thomas McManus, Proprietor.
Leave Richmond House North Adams, 8:30 a. m.; 12:15, 2:40, 5 p. m., and, Saturdays, 9:10 p. m.
Leave McManus' Stable, Williamstown, 5:15 a. m.; 11 a. m.; 1:40 p. m., and, Saturdays, 5 p. m.

NORTH ADAMS AND READSBORO.

J. E. Paulsen, Proprietor.
Leave Post Office, North Adams, 1:30 p. m.
Leave Post Office, Readsboro, 8 a. m.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Meeting of the board of directors at Y. M. C. A. rooms at 7:30.
Annual meeting of the Universalist church at 7:30.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

—Miss Allen's kindergarten will open Monday, January 6.
—A daughter was born December 31 to Mr. and Mrs. James Wheeler of Florida.
—Vespers and Benediction were conducted at St. Francis church last evening.
—The City minstrels will soon give an entertainment in Adams under the auspices of Lafayette band.
—Mrs. F. S. Richardson entertained the Friday afternoon whist club at her home on Elmwood avenue yesterday afternoon.
—The first of a series of ladies' nights to be given this winter at the Berkshire club rooms will be held Wednesday evening, the 8th.

—There will be a meeting of the Ladies' Temperance Aid society in the parlors of the Temperance building at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon.
—Charles H. Walker was taken to Pittsfield jail yesterday to await the sitting of the grand jury. All the efforts of his wife and friends to obtain bail were useless. The bonds are \$500.
—Next week will be observed at the Baptist church as the week of prayer. There will be services every evening and a bible reading every afternoon except Saturday, conducted by Rev. F. D. Penney.
—D. D. G. P., G. A. Boughton and P. C. P., P. M. Farley, George E. Harrington, J. M. Pinkham and C. E. Sherman went last night to Shelburne Falls to install the officers of Aletheian encampment of Odd Fellows.
—A pocket-book containing some change and a coupon on the piano to be drawn at Sullivan's furniture store was found on Center street yesterday. The owner may have the property by calling at 55 Holden street.
—James Little, who was fined \$5 yesterday morning for drunkenness and was taken to Pittsfield jail was let out late yesterday and arrived home today. A friend secured his release by paying the fine to the local officers, who telephoned the fact to the county jail.

THE DRUNK'S BUNDLE.

It looks as if it belonged to the Savoy Man.
The police had an unimportant but strange case last night. A man named Studevant from Savoy reported that a bundle of clothing had been stolen from him at his home. He described the clothing and left. He had hardly reached the street when a drunken man having a bundle in his possession was dragged into the station house. The officers questioned the "drunk" and learned from his very incoherent answers that he had been at Savoy early in the day. It occurred to the officers to search the bundle. They did and found articles such as the man just left had said he lost. The "drunk" is a man who is not in the habit of carrying any bundles except they contain such things as would be necessary for himself. The one found in his possession contained little that would be of use to him. The contents were mostly undervalued and would not fit a person so large as he. An investigation will be made.

THE EDITOR'S SHEARS.

FOR TODAY.

HEM AND HAW.

Hem and Haw were the songs of sin,
Created to shilly and shirk,
Hem lay round, and Haw looked on,
While God did all the work.

Hem was a forger, and Haw was a prig,
For both had the dull, dull mind;
And whenever they found a thing to do,
They yammered and went in blind.

Hem was the father of bigots and bores,
As the sands of the sea were they;
And Haw, was the father of all the tribe
Who criticize today.

Aut God was an artist from the first,
Who knew what he was about;
While over his shoulder sneered these two,
And advised him to rub it out.

They prophesied ruin ere man was made,
"Such folly will surely fail!"
And when it was done, "Do you think, my Lord,
He's better without a tail?"

And still, the honest, working world,
With posture, and hint, and smirk,
These sons of the devil are standing by,
While man does all the work.

They balk endeavor, and baffle reform,
In the sacred name of law,
And over the quivering voice of Hem,
Is the droning voice of Haw.

—Bliss Carman.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLES.

Causing Much Unrest on Account of the Kaiser's Attitude.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The colonial office remained open until 2:30 o'clock this morning, many officials attending there, but no further news from Transvaal was received.

The Emperor of Germany has sent the following cable dispatch to Paul Kruger, president of the South African republic: "I express my sincere congratulations that, supported by your people and without appealing for help to friendly powers, you have succeeded by your own energetic action against the armed bands which invaded your country as disturbers of the peace and have thus been enabled to restore peace and safeguard the independence of your country against attacks from outside."

Emperor William's dispatch to President Kruger is denounced with the utmost severity in the editorials in English newspapers today. The Times says: "It is grave and distinctly unfriendly, and being compiled after conference with Chancellor von Hohenlohe and the foreign and naval secretaries, imparts to it the importance of a state act. The article proceeds to argue that Germany has no pretence to contend that any doubt exists as to England's right of suzerainty over the Transvaal, and asks: 'Is our Berlin correspondent indeed right when he confesses that he is driven to the conclusion that Germany has gladly seized this opportunity to humiliate England?'"

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

Shows No Material Change From Reports of Past Few Weeks.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their review of trade, say: "The commercial failures during the complete year 1895 number 13,197, against 13,835 in 1894, but the aggregate of liabilities is slightly greater, \$173,106,000, against \$172,992,556, so that the average failure is \$13,124, against \$12,453 in 1894. The bright promise offered by a large decrease in the first quarter was followed by a small increase in the second and third quarters, and a large increase in the last quarter of the year.

Produce markets have been the theater of surprising changes, which have influenced all business. The acreage in cotton was wisely restricted in order to give producers a better chance for fair returns, and the crop was further reduced to some extent by injury, but growers were injured still more by frantic speculation, which checked exports, and by false information and advice.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The senate heard a stirring debate yesterday, the bond question being the main theme. Mr. Sherman's speech, which had been anticipated with much interest for some time, initiated the financial discussion. The veteran senator's speech was very closely followed throughout. He argued that redeemed notes should be reissued only in exchange for gold. The resumption fund, he said, should be secured by taxes only to redeem United States notes. He advocated the meeting of deficiencies with bonds or certificates. The speech of Senator Sherman's, however, was merely a slide to an unexpected financial controversy, vigorous and personal in character. Mr. Kilgus (W. Va.) sought to secure immediate vote on his resolution direct to all bond issues. Mr. Sherman offered to have the resolution referred to committee, but on a call the vote was overwhelmingly in favor of proceeding with the question. The debate was closed by adjournment.

Trainer's Claims.

DETROIT, Jan. 4.—W. J. J. Trainor, supreme president of the American Protective association, today issued to the committee a circular reviewing the progress of the organization as to the political situation. He states that a large number of the members of congress are also members of the A. P. A., pledged to the following measures: A bill to secure a just distribution of federal offices; a bill to establish a national university; a bill to restrict immigration and regulate naturalization, amending the constitution prohibiting for life a sectarian appropriation; a bill to open to public inspection all monastic and private or semi-public institutions not under state control, and a bill prohibiting the official recognition by the United States of any church or body of any religious or ecclesiastical body or church.

As Anticipated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The Press says that it is able to state upon the best authority the gist of the report now in preparation for presentation to the New York yacht club of the special committee appointed by the club to investigate the charges made by Lord Dunraven regarding the recent international yacht club races. It will appear from the testimony that the earl has begged the real question at issue. The report of the committee will present the testimony in a purely judicial manner and will censure the earl.

Fire at Creston, Ia., destroyed a block of business buildings, including the Summit House. Thirteen merchants lost their merchandise and two brick and three frame buildings were lost. Total loss estimated at \$300,000.

Pittsburg completed a deal with St. Louis whereby Shortstop Ely will play next season with the Smoky City team. In exchange for Ely, St. Louis gives Pitcher Harts and Shortstop Goss, in addition to a sum of money.

Charles Atkinson, convicted of having criminally assaulted Mary Miller, his stepdaughter, was released from the state prison at Trenton, after having served 20 months of his 18-year sentence. Fardon was granted on the strength of his legal affidavits that he had sworn falsely at the trial.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by Burlington & Darby, Druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Burlington & Darby.

TOWN TALK.

Millinery.
Mrs. F. L. Newton, as manager, will close out at once the entire stock of millinery goods at the millinery parlors in the Blackinton block. This stock ought to be sold within the next ten days. 6157

The Berkshire club has been transferred from Center St. to State St. where it will stand every evening from 8 o'clock.

Dr. Congdon, who has visited North Adams for so many years, will be at the Richmond house, North Adams, Tuesday, January 7th, one day only. Be sure and see him for everybody knows of his skill. He would have called before but sickness has prevented him. His wife is very low with consumption, so for four or five months he has not been able to attend to his business.

I beg to inform my customers and the public in general that I am doing business in the rear part of my store, 55 Eagle street, and will continue to do so until my business troubles are settled. Any orders with which I may be favored will have my prompt attention, James O'Brien, fashionable tailor.

BORN.

At Florida, Dec. 31, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. James Whalen.

DIED.

At Williamstown, Jan. 3, Thomas H. Kent, aged 45 years.

In this city, Jan. 4, Joseph Burke, aged 34 years.

To Advertisers.

New advertisements or changes of advertisements for DAILY TRANSCRIPT must be received not later than 9 o'clock a. m. to insure insertion same day. For WEEKLY TRANSCRIPT new advertisements or changes must be received not later than 12 o'clock Wednesday, to insure insertion the same week.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Second girl at the hospital. Inquire at 10 Church St.

POSITION WANTED.

Young Man 20 years old would like employment. Understands care of horses. Can furnish first-class references. Address box B. 8137.

General housework by a young French woman. Good cook and laundress. References. Address box 21, Transcript office. 6159

TO RENT.

Tenement, 13 Hall St., five rooms. Inquire C. T. Fidelity.

Store, 22 State St. Inquire of T. Collins.

Six-room tenement on Porter St. Inquire of T. W. Richmond, agent, 31 State St.

Tenement at 11 Chestnut St. Inquire at 11 Chestnut St. 1901

Four desirable tenements with all modern improvements \$10 to \$20 per month. Inquire of M. B. Dowlin, 11 Pleasant St.

Photograph gallery. Inquire at Keane's 1247

A tenement, 25 Boland.

Store. All modern improvements, best location. C. S. Vaden, Centre street.

FOR SALE.

Show cases and chairs for sale cheap. S. Vaden & Bros' shop. 6150

Wood lot in Clarkburg, handy to get at, two miles from North Adams. Inquire of Asaph Briggs & Sons, off North Eagle St.

LOST.

A collie puppy, 4 months old, in Williamstown last Thursday evening. Color white, white mark on a leg. Reward will be paid for his return to the owner, who will lead to his recovery. James Green, Box 1 in E. N. Fishong way, W. Williamstown. 6151

Sterling silver back hair pin. Finder please return to O'Brien's gallery, 44 Holden St. and get reward. 2152

FOUND.

Young dog, light brown, marked white, 50 Brooklyn street. 6153

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage given by "Guth L. Granger, his wife Orie L. Granger joining in the roles of the cover to Arabella M. Barlow, dated April 24th A. D. 1888 and recorded with Scituate Berkshire deeds in book 184 and page 285 and assigned to Edwin T. Barlow, December 31st A. D. 1895, will be sold at public auction upon the premises in the county of Berkshire, Massachusetts, on Saturday January 25th, 1896 at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon, all and singular the premises covered by said mortgage deed, namely, that certain piece or parcel of land situated in said Florida and bounded and described as follows, to wit: beginning at a stone on the highway running from House Tunnel, Mass. to Readsboro in the state of Vermont to the county of Berkshire near the dam across the Deerfield river in said Florida and running east to land owned by the Fitchburg Railroad company, thence southeasterly and south along the bank of the canal to land owned by the Fitchburg Railroad company, thence along said highway to said state and county, being the same property deeded by Levi Granger to the said Edwin T. Barlow, and has been made in the conditions of the said mortgage in the non-payment of the interest and principal due under said mortgage and in the non-payment of the taxes assessed upon the real estate above described as provided in said mortgage. Terms cash at the time of sale.

EDWIN T. BARLOW,
Assignee of said mortgage.
North Adams, Mass., Jan. 1, 1896. 190-192-193

Correct Styles.

The present rigid rules regarding the position for social functions are probably more closely observed relative to invitations than to anything else, especially the wedding.

Therefore Dempsey & Carroll being the leading Stationers of New York, with facilities far in advance of all competitors, they have given their undivided attention to such requirements, and are prepared to show and produce only the absolutely correct styles in engraved Wedding, Reception, and Dinner Invitations, Tracings and Calling Cards.

New York city is unquestionably the Fashion Capital of the United States, and the women and men who are the Society Leaders have by their almost exclusive use of their fine engraving and proper forms, made the imprint of "Dempsey & Carroll" the seal of correctness. Their corps of 400 engravers is composed of the most skilled engravers, designers, and stationery artists.

Place All Orders with Their

North Adams Agent.

DICKINSON

The City Jeweler.

All Kinds of

INSURANCE

placed at

my agency.

ALFORD

60 MAIN STREET

WEBER Bros.
"Cut Price"
SHOE STORE.

"THE WHOLESALERS." ELMER E. DUTTON, Manager.

Special Low Prices.

Our stock of fine gold

Watches.

(ladies and gentlemen's) Diamonds, in rings, earrings and pins.

Sterling

sets and heavy pieces, and elegant

Cut Glass.

Is larger than any in Western Massachusetts. It is too large and to reduce it we will quote specially low prices for a short time.

L. M. BARNES,

5 Wilson Block.

Baled

Shavings

For bedding horses and cattle or packing breakable goods. Cleaner, cheaper, better than straw or hay. Horses won't eat them or pile them into a heap and as they are a ready absorbent, they prevent animals from becoming stained and are a valuable fertilizer. Size of bales 19x22x30 inches. Weight 100 pounds. For sale by

T. W. Richmond & Co.,

31 STATE STREET.

Playing Cards

is the latest way of serving

ICE CREAM

at card parties.

McNEILL'S.

HARVEY A. GALLUP

BUYS,

SELLS

and EXCHANGES

Real Estate

Boland Block, N. Adams.

WONDERFUL, BUT TRUE

Mrs. Caleb G. Burdett, North Adams, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with granulated eyelids. Had them burned several times and used different remedies for about 2 1/2 years. Less than two bottles of

Smith's Eye Water

cured me. It is the best thing I ever used or heard of."

ALL DRUGGISTS. 10 CENTS.

THE ADAMS NATIONAL BANK

of North Adams, Mass.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Adams National Bank will be held at their Banking House in North Adams, Mass., on Tuesday, the 15th day of January, next, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the following purposes: to wit: first, to choose Directors for the ensuing year; second, to transact any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

E. S. WILKINSON, Cash. or.

North Adams, Mass., Dec. 14, 1895.

LATE BUYERS

will still find a

Good Assortment of

Watches,

Clocks,

Opera Glasses,

Sterling Silver,

Solid Gold Jewelry.

Special prices will be quoted on certain articles to sell them quickly.

L. W. WHITE,

JEWELER,

.....80 MAIN STREET.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

Happenings of Interest in Our Neighbor Towns.

AT ADAMS TODAY.

Last Night's Ball.—Some of Veterans' Meeting Tonight.—Shirt Shop to Resume Work.

The Bricklayers' Ball.

The first annual concert and ball of the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' union, No. 18, B. M. I. U. of Massachusetts, was held at the opera house Friday evening and was a pronounced success. Although the attendance was large, perfect order was preserved throughout the whole evening, all objectionable persons being refused admittance. The concert by Palmer's orchestra was very fine. As soon as concert was finished the grand march was formed. It was led by Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Gilroy and about sixty couples took part. Prompter P. Hennessy led the marchers through many fancy changes. Then began a long order of twenty-eight dances, each of which was dedicated very prettily to some friend or another of the union.

At midnight Caterer John Hammond served a first-class supper in the dining room of the new armory building, after which dancing began again and was continued until a late hour this morning.

Palmer's orchestra furnished music and gave universal satisfaction. The programs were elaborate and were provided by O. G. Bourn. The attendance must have been fully 200 couples and the union as well as scoring a social success, did well financially.

The committees in charge were as follows: Floor directors: Charles McGinnis and Walter Shea; aids: James Nason, Bert Brackett, Peter LaCrosse, Thomas Harraban, William Smith, William Carroll; committee of arrangements: Charles McGinnis, Walter Shea, Peter Collins, Fred Hill, Stephen Gilroy, Michael Carey, George Conner, John Maroney; reception committee: William Milne, William McCabe, Joseph Collins, Fred Hill, William Dobson.

An Eloquent Sermon.—The sermon at St. Charles church Friday evening by Rev. Fr. McGovern of Great Barrington was listened to by a large congregation. Fr. McGovern preached on "Faith."

To Consolidate the Societies.

For sometime past a committee has been at work in the Baptist church, endeavoring to effect the consolidation of all the societies of the church into one thoroughly organized society. A meeting was held Friday evening and the report of the committee as progressed was very favorable. Final action will be taken at a meeting to be held Tuesday evening.

To Examine Her Sanity.

The case of Miss Mattie E. Davis of East Hoosac street is still puzzling the local physicians. Miss Davis has now been in bed eight weeks and the physicians who examined her claim that she has no physical ailment of any kind but is a well woman. She considers herself seriously ill and the doctors theorize that she is insane and her illness is nothing more than a mania. Next week the authorities are going to have her examined for insanity.

Weston Gets Another Contract.—L. A. Weston has been given the contract to set up and fit seven boilers to be used at the new Berkshire mill and to do all the necessary piping in connection with them. So far Mr. Weston has been given all the piping contracts which have been awarded and is carrying the work through successfully.

County Commissioners Meeting.

At the time the county commissioners considered the question of straightening Columbia street, they adjourned their meeting to the first Wednesday of this month, but by request of the petitioner, Mr. Upton, the question was again indefinitely postponed and will be called in the spring, early enough to give the town a chance to act on the matter at the annual meeting.

A New Business Men's Club.

A movement is on foot to form another business men's club and many of the representative men of the town have signified a willingness to join. No meeting has yet been held but without doubt the proposed club will be organized in a short time. The parlors in the bank block, recently vacated by Company M, will probably be engaged.

Felix Gates who skipped Friday morning.

To avoid trial for assault on "Ching" Pao has not been retaken. Martin Shields, Patrick McAndrews, James Carroll, Paul Cassidy, Patrick Connors, Daniel Sullivan, Jerry Barry and Frank Fox returned to Arlington, N. J., today after spending the holidays at their homes here.

The Sons of Veterans expect a large meeting at Grand Army hall this evening.

All the public schools will open Monday morning.

The Kings Daughters of the Congregational church will serve supper in connection with the celebration of Robert Burns' anniversary by the Thistle Quoit club January 27.

The pews for the new Baptist church

have arrived and will be set in place at once.

The W. C. T. Union's annual meeting will be held with Mrs. Dallas Anthony at 7.30 o'clock Tuesday evening.

"Slide Tracked," which will be presented at the opera house Thursday, is said to be a very fine production.

E. J. Noble has become local agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance company.

The dance held at Turn hall Friday

evening, by the workmen's club, was poorly attended.

The fire escape of the new mill is being

constructed.

Mr. Partridge, D. D. G. M., of North Adams, and staff of grand lodge officers, installed the recently elected officers of Golden Link lodge 135, Daughters of Rebekah, Friday evening. The installation was followed by a pleasant social.

The Baptist society's annual roll-call will occur March 12 and 13.

The First National bank has declared a three per cent dividend.

Greylock shirt shop will resume operations Monday morning, after a two weeks shut down.

Mrs. William J. Lacy and children returned home from a visit with New York friends Friday evening.

Hugh Braman, foreman of the Greylock shirt company, returned from a visit in Glen Falls, N. Y., Friday evening.

Albert W. Jones' new block on Park street is nearing completion rapidly. The external work is all completed and the plasterers are now at work.

The carpets for the new Baptist church have arrived and will be laid at once. The organ has been tuned and the voices will complete his work this evening.

Rev. Dr. Zahner will preach at St. Mark's

Episcopal church Sunday on "The Wise

Men of the East."

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Dwyer are in Pitts-

field where they will spend Sunday.

A large number of people attended Mrs.

Philip Murphy's funeral, going to Pitts-

field by team.

CHESHIRE.

The Baptist Ladies' Aid society's annual meeting was held yesterday at the residence of E. G. Brown and re-elected the old board of officers as follows: President, Mrs. E. G. Brown; secretary, Mrs. Emma Martin; treasurer, Mrs. E. Blood, and ten directors. The society meet the first Friday of each month. The society socials are held monthly.

Mr. Barlow had a cow examined after being butchered by the town agent here yesterday, when she was found to have a ten-penny nail she had swallowed protruding through the entrance to the stomach. It must have been the wrong place for nails.

At the whist party Mrs. George Dean won first prize, Mrs. Mary Foster the second and Miss Rena Foster the booby prize. Dr. Kinsey was at Housick Falls yesterday.

The school's open after the vacation Monday.

The Cheshire club officers will be chosen

tonight.

John Gray has a sick horse that Dr. Kennell of Pittsfield visited yesterday.

Albert Farnum is improving.

Miss Lula Lane gave a party Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Georgia Hollinger of Kansas City, Mo.

L. B. Wood was drawn as a jurymen yesterday, for the January court.

The vital statistics for the year are in part as follows: Deaths, 23; marriages, 7; the births are not yet reported. There has been a larger number of deaths than usual.

John Morey of New York, yardmaster of the New York Central railroad there, is in town.

A shoemaker from Blackinton has taken rooms in the store in the Tanner building. The Dalton lodge of Masons will visit the Cheshire lodge the 14th.

In speaking of railroad crossings having gates, it is said that the one near the depot here is much more unsafe than the one at Maple Grove, Adams, and should have a flagman or a gate. There are some narrow escapes made here nearly every day.

Miss Effie Tower of Croton, N. Y., is to attend school at Adams, living with Nathan Harkness' people here, going to and from Adams on the train.

There was a whist party at Mrs. E. B. Bowen's last evening.

The late George W. Fisher left a will made during the past season.

T. P. Randall of Whitesboro, N. Y., is in town today to complete the arrangement for the sale of his place to Mr. Curtis. The price is \$1500. Mr. Curtis will move from his farm soon.

WILLIAMSTOWN.

Harry Rosenberger's dancing class will have a pleasant social and dance Friday evening January 10.

Murphy Bros. have taken the contract of interior painting at the Ch. Pl. House.

John Quinn who has been spending the holidays in Troy, N. Y., returned to his duties at Neyland & Quinn's yesterday.

W. O. Adams has gone to Waterford, N. Y., for a short vacation.

The Berkshire social club will give another of their enjoyable socials in Waterman Moore's opera house Friday evening, January 10.

Carlton G. Smith has returned to his duties at Severance & Co.'s drug store. His present appearance manifests the worth of a recent sojourn in Long Island.

P. A. Chambers has returned from a short vacation in Pittsfield.

For china, glass tin ware go to A. W. Hunt, No. 20 Spring St., new 10 cent store.

BLACKINTON.

Recent advice from New York report L. Pomeroy dangerously ill in a hospital.

The Christmas music will be repeated at the Union church tomorrow by special request of the Young Men's Mutual Improvement society, who will attend church in a body, thus celebrating their first anniversary.

Miss Ella Washburne is home from a two weeks' visit in Boston.

Miss Mamie Conway returned home to Troy, N. Y., Friday, after a week's visit with friends in town.

George White who has been the guest of O. A. Archer and family and whose home is at Albion, Mich., has returned to Hamilton college, New York, to resume his studies.

Schools will open Monday after a two weeks' vacation.

James H. Reynolds and family have the sympathy of the community in the loss of an infant son. All hope for the permanent recovery of Mrs. Reynolds.

After twenty-seven years of faithful and efficient service as member of the North Adams school committee, O. A. Archer is about to sever his connection with our schools. It is with a feeling of regret that all who have the interests of our schools at heart see his term of office expire. It was a great convenience to have such a man here in our midst and this fact will be discovered before long.

BRAYTONVILLE.

Mrs. E. M. Harrison and daughter, Elizabeth, have returned home from Stafford Springs, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lewis, who have been visiting relatives here, have returned to their home in Wales.

Mrs. Charles Lillie of Adams has been visiting her sister, Mrs. D. M. Wells, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Sykes and children are spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Walter DeMerritt, of Brookline.

Hugh P. Drysdale, who has been working in the store during the holidays, is taking a few days vacation before going back to Williams.

William Garlick completed a successful year's course at the Bliss Business college last evening. Mr. Garlick is one of the ablest pupils that attended the evening sessions this term. Being a young man of more than ordinary ability, he has accomplished a great deal.

Miss Sarah Wells has returned home, after a week's visit with her brother, Charles Wells of Boston.

The engagement is announced of Miss Dollie Featherston of Pittsfield to Thomas Edward O'Neil of this city.

Prof. E. A. Tower and wife have returned from Norwich, Conn., where they have been visiting Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Tower.

BUT FEW MORE MILES

For Insurgents to Travel Before Entering the City of Habana.

Habana and Pina del Rio Under Martial Law.

Gomez and His Officers Show Unrivalled Skill and Generalship.

HABANA, Jan. 4.—The Insurgents are apparently making a swift advance directly upon Habana. The advance guard of their cavalry, under General Lacort, was, at latest accounts, at Tapaste, which is only 15 miles from Guanabacoa, the latter being but a suburb of Habana, five miles from the city, where a bathing beach, frequented by the citizens of Habana, is located.

General Lacort, with his cavalry, seems to be but a scouting party in advance of the insurgent wing commanded by Quintan Bandera. Word received from La Cabaña, a town between Guanabacoa and Habana and about a dozen miles from Tapaste, reports that there are indications of a rapid advance movement in considerable force on the part of the wing of the insurgent army under Bandera.

Nothing definite is known as to the strength in numbers of Bandera's command, but the news of the near approach of the insurgents has caused the utmost anxiety among the authorities, and every preparation is hastily made to have the city's defenses in readiness to repel any attack or to prevent any damage being done within the city, even if the projected movement should prove to be nothing but a dashing cavalry raid. The railroad station at Xenes, near Balnco, has been burned by the insurgents.

So far as is known, Gomez is still operating in the region about Guanabacoa, and a large force of insurgents, and nothing has been learned of the movements of that wing of the insurgent army that indicates an immediate movement to co-operate with Bandera in a direct attack upon Habana.

It is believed that Bandera is simply planning a demonstration against Habana to divert attention from Gomez and the southern wing, while that general completes the work of destruction in the canefields of Habana province or makes a dash into Pina del Rio.

Nevertheless, the unparalleled boldness and intrepidity of the movements of the insurgents create something like a panic here, and the conviction is universal that unless ample force is displayed to show the insurgents that they would court destruction by an attack upon Habana, there is danger that they will make a destructive dash into Habana itself. The progress of this last movement is, therefore, awaited with keen apprehension.

Martial Law Proclaimed.

The authorities confess the grave condition of affairs by proclaiming martial law for the provinces of Habana and Pina del Rio. Maximo Gomez has declared his purpose to penetrate into the province of Pina del Rio, and the action of the authorities is understood to indicate that they have no hope of preventing him from carrying out his threat.

It is not only the organized armed force of the advancing insurgents that they find themselves compelled to prepare against. In fact, there is little apprehension of any serious fighting, much success in an assault upon this city, great as is the damage that they have wrought in the country. But the irresistible progress of the insurgent army, whether it listeth from one end of the island to the other, has served immensely to increase the boldness of their sympathizers, who have hitherto remained passive non-combatants. It seems to be the case that for a successful attack, there is no doubt that great accessions to the insurgent forces would be gained throughout the provinces of Habana and Pina del Rio, and there are grave fears that an uprising would occur in the city of Habana itself.

It is not by any means to be considered that the apparent lack of hope of checking the new advance shown by the authorities has led to the cessation of efforts to prevent the advance. The Spanish forces warn on all sides of the advancing insurgents. From time to time they have massed at what is considered a salient point in the advance, with the hope of bringing about a pitched battle, which the Spanish military leaders feel certain would result in cutting the insurgents to pieces.

Gomez Displaying Great Skill.

But the unrivalled skill and generalship shown by Gomez and his lieutenants in avoiding such traps and in carrying his army past the most elaborately planned barriers of the Spanish have served to greatly discourage the leaders on that side. Their elusive antagonist seems never to be within their reach, and yet always inflicting the most serious damage upon their territory.

The battalions which were placed near Pinos to check the advance into Habana seem to have been completely eluded, and the efforts to save the rich sugar country about Guanabacoa seem to have been equally futile. Yet the column of General Echague is stationed in the immediate vicinity of Guanabacoa, while General Navarro has forces both at San Nicolas and Pinos, and General Aldecoa is at Nueva Paz.

These forces are in the very country through which the insurgents have advanced, and more here ask themselves how they were able to accomplish it. General Valdes also is stationed at Aguacate, on the line of the railroad between Matanzas and Habana, and General Prat at Ceiba Mocha, a little south of Aguacate and between there and Madruga.

It is believed that a large force of the insurgents are now trying to force their way into Habana by way of the mountains about El Guanabaco, which is on the border in the southern part of the province of Habana, going thence south of San Nicolas. A small force of insurgents, according to official reports, have already appeared in the district of San Nicolas, which adjoins Guanabacoa on the east.

Word has been received that the insurgents have taken the station at Sagua, and also the Encomienda and Munas fields and the plantation of Delta in the district of Sagua. The village of Zulueta, in the district of Calbarin, has been burned, and the railroad bridge over the river Huabacoa destroyed.

Still Lower.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The treasury yesterday lost \$1,000,000 in gold for export, which leaves the total amount of the gold reserve \$31,040,000.

The assignee of an insolvent corporation, under an assignment for the benefit of its creditors, takes the property subject to whatever equities existed against the corporation.—Recent Decisions of Highest Courts.

Henry D. Wood, a former Wall street broker, who resides at Litch, L. I., has allowed judgment to be entered against him on default of \$23,500 for money advanced on notes in January, 1895.

The jury in the case of William Thain, on trial at Camden, N. J., for murdering Mrs. Annetta Thain, rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. Judge Garrison sentenced him to 30 years.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

THE CHAIRMAN OF PRESS COMMITTEE OF THE ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

Women Who Work at Building Roads.—An Entertaining South Georgia Woman.

Women in the Pulpit.—Presenting a Woman—Glass Dresses and Curtains.

The woman editor may be, and probably is, indigenous to the north, but the confines were extended when Maude Andrews Ohl took charge of the "better half" of the Atlanta Constitution. That event happened several years ago, while she was still a struggling, ambitious girl and before her marriage to Mr. Joe Ohl, one of the editors of that paper.

In person Maude Andrews Ohl is a most charming woman, a gracious hostess and a pleasing guest. In fact, she is a true "daughter of Dixie" and just one's ideal of a sunny southern sister.

Her home is situated on one of Atlanta's prettiest residence streets, and its hospitable doors have welcomed many a guest who still holds dear the sweet remembrance of a delightful entertainment. Mrs. Ohl is proud of the fact that she is an excellent cook, and I doubt not that this accomplishment gives her friends quite as much satisfaction as it brings to herself.

She is always exquisitely gowned, and her dresses are of her own designing and selection.

It is to her house that all the young people flock when they want help in arranging some gayety or crave a sym-



MAUDE ANDREWS OHL.

pathetic ear in which to whisper their heart's troubles and delights. Her pretty home is furnished in the luxurious fashion of the orient, a style for which Mrs. Ohl has a strong partiality, which may be accounted for in the strange mingling of blood that flows in her veins. "The ruddy tide from the olden dunes of Buckingham crosses the redder blood of passionate Persia; the chill pulse of Danish nobility thrills with the beatings of Gallic vivacity."

Mrs. Ohl is just now brought prominently before the public eye of the public as the president of the press committee of the Atlanta exposition. She has been one of its hardest workers from the beginning. The interior decorations of the pressroom in the Woman's building are entirely of her selection and arrangement, and everywhere in this much frequented spot the touch of the orient predominates. When in the pressroom, she is ever ready to greet all out of town newspaper women who may accept the kind invitation that is tacked outside the door to bid them enter and "make this their business headquarters during their sojourn in Atlanta."—New York Recorder.

THE FEMININE VIEW.

Fads, Fashions and Fancies of Interest to Women.

Robert Louis Stevenson said that the reason he did not put more women characters in his books was that the public taste would not allow him to write of them as he wanted to and he preferred saying nothing to repeating the old sugar water lies.

Mrs. Edith Wharton is the richest author in America, but she did not make her money with her stories and poems in the magazines. Her summer home is the last house on the cliff walk at Newport, but ill health forces her to fly to southern Europe for the winter. She sailed for Nice in November this year. She spends a great deal of money in very private charities. She has a nice husband and good looks.

Mrs. Rorer says that every family for its health's sake should have a salad at least once a day, and also that there is nothing on this sphere equal to garlic for flavoring the same.

Either is the safest of all cleaning fluids. It is the one thing that will never leave a spot or a ring on any fabric.

A woman said the other day that she thought General Miles' promotion to the head of the army of the United States was a good thing. She was such a little womanly woman and she spoke with so much emphasis that a listener was impelled to ask her how she came to be so opinionated in military matters. She answered: "Well, I came from San Francisco east in the same sleeper with General Miles two or three years ago and I know something about him. No, it was not any kind of a flirtation, and it was not any kind of flattery that gave me my opinion. I never spoke a dozen words with him, but there was a woman with a baby aboard who was a very curious kind of a woman. She left anybody and everybody who would to take care of her 2-year-old, and before we had been out 30 hours General Miles constituted himself chief nursery maid. He looked after that young one by the hour. He'd take it in the dressing room and wash its face; he'd put it to sleep; he would amuse it when it was fretful, and altogether he showed himself a proper person to be at the head of our army—that's my conviction."

Suffer is the proper thing to give your old lace the fashionable copper tint. Dye it yourself.

Kate Claxton says: "There is nothing like waiting for fashion to come around to you. I've worn little flat close bonnets, Dutch bonnets, these many years, as every one who ever saw me on the road knows. I wore them because they were becoming and comfortable and suitable for travel, and I've had them made of seal skin because that was both pretty and warm, and now, if you please, seal skin Dutch bonnets are the very latest importation for winter outdoor wear."

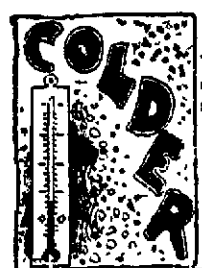
MISS REFLECTOR.

MAKING ROOM FOR SISTERS.

Some of the Massachusetts and Connecticut "ladies"—spots long sacred to men—are considering the advisability of admitting women to full membership.

WEATHER FORECAST.

(Special Despatch to the Transcript.)



Boston, Jan. 4, 12 Noon.
Washington, Forecast for Massachusetts.
Colder, but no snow Sunday.

W. H. Gaylord

Christmas Presents.

Umbrellas, Choice Handles,
Silk Covered Pillows,
Handkerchiefs,
Ladies Pocketbooks,
Embroidered Bureau Sets,
Embroidered Table Covers,
Japanese Stand Covers,
Fancy Silks for Waits,
Choice Perfumes,
Silk Dress Patterns,
Wool Dress Patterns.

We have the choicest and best assortment of Handkerchiefs in the city to which we would call particular attention. All our cloaks at closing out prices. Everyone a bargain.

GAYLORD'S, 3 Main Block

1935. 93.

BURLINGAME & DARBY'S.

SQUARE
DEALING.

Christmas is past, but you want to make return gifts at New Years to some of your friends

A Carpet Sweeper

is useful and we have some that work to perfection.

In Brushes and Combs

We have a good assortment. Do you shave? We can fit you out with a complete shaving set. Razors: American, Torrey & Co.'s, English, Wade & Butcher's. Combs: American - Williams; English - Pears. Nags at all prices. Brushes that will stand use. Straps to suit all tastes.

Telephone, 41.

Burlingame & Darbys.

NORTH ADAMS.

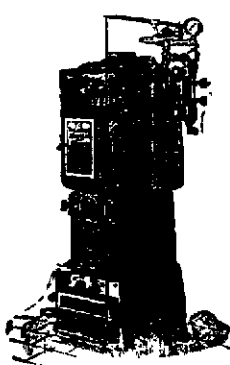
T. M. LUCEY

HEATING and PLUMBING CO.

Blackinton Block, No. 3 Holden St.

STEAM and HOT WATER HEATING.

TELEPHONE 48-3.



Having increased our facilities by the addition of room and improved machinery, we are now prepared to do any work in the Hot Water and

Steam Heating line. Sole agents for "All Right" and "Volunteer" Steam and Hot Water Heaters.

SUNBEAM

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IT...

WHITE & SMITH,

11 BANK STREET.

WITHIN LEGAL RIGHTS

A Married Woman's Time Belongs Absolutely to Herself.

Distinct and Independent Person From Husband.

Statutes Have Abridged Husband's Rights to His Wife's Services.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The full bench of the supreme judicial court, in an opinion filed yesterday, decides an important question of woman's rights, holding that in an action brought by a married woman to recover damages for a personal injury the impairment of her capacity to perform labor can be considered as an element of the damages.

The case was that of Lydia W. Harmon vs. the Old Colony Railroad company, and was an action to recover for injuries to the plaintiff sustained while a passenger in one of defendant's cars.

The plaintiff was a married woman, engaged in keeping a restaurant, and her husband also brought a suit to recover damages for the loss of the company, service and care of his wife.

In the suit of the husband there was a verdict in his favor, which was satisfied; subsequently the suit of the wife was tried, and she was asked what was the market value of her services.

At the time of the accident the court excluded this evidence, and the plaintiff excepted.

In the opinion of the supreme court, which is written by Judge Allen, the statute which has abridged husband's rights in respect to his own account and relating to the property of married women are reviewed, after which the court says: "By virtue of this legislation, a married woman becomes in the view of the law a distinct and independent person from her husband, not only in respect to her right to own property, but also in respect to her right to use her time for the purpose of earning money on her sole and separate account."

She may perform labor, and is entitled to her wages and earnings. If she complies with the statutory requirement as to recording a certificate, she may carry on any trade or business on her sole and separate account, and take the profits, if profits there are.

As Her Separate Property.

Her right to enter into contracts, to earn money, to engage in performing labor or service, to enter into trade on her own account, is inconsistent with the view that her capacity to labor belongs exclusively to her husband. He can appropriate neither her earnings nor her time. Her right to employ her time for the earning of money on her own account is as complete as his; subject to the requirement of recording a certificate in case she enters into trade. This may interfere with his right to and enjoyment of her society, companionship and services. But this is a consequence which the legislature must be deemed to have foreseen and intended.

"His right in these respects is now made subordinate to her right to employ her time in the care and management of her property, and

In the Earning of Money by performing labor or by carrying on a trade or business. So far as the statutes have given her a right to act independently of him, so far his rights and control in respect to her are necessarily abridged.

"He can no longer compel her to work for him during such time as she may choose to perform labor on her sole and separate account. By the statutes, which modify the common law, the husband's right to his wife's services is abridged, though his obligation to support her remains."

In answer to a suggestion as to what might occur in case a wife wished to make a contract which would take her away from home, perhaps for years, and deprive her of a practical desolation of her husband, the court says: "To a certain limited extent, as, for example, in fixing the domicile, and in being responsible under ordinary circumstances for the orderly management, the husband is still the head of the family."

REED BOOM LAUNCHED.

Maine Men in an Ideal Republic, Says the Boston Journal.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The Boston Journal, editorially, says today: The Boston Journal, voicing the vigorous sentiment of the Republican party of New England, declares for Thomas B. Reed for the presidency. If New England's delegates to the national convention are to represent New England, they must be Reed men—all of them.

Mr. Reed is the biggest, busiest, best developed man in the great Republican party. He is by far the strongest champion of its principles and policies, identified with all and devoted to all, but making a particular hobby of none. He is the ideal Republican.

He is strong, alert, wise, patriotic, determined, good-tempered, thoroughly trained, of great public experience, and yet in the prime of life. If he lived in Arizona or Oregon, New England would just as enthusiastically support him, as a duty to the Republican party of the nation. The Journal considers this the time for a declaration of belief and purpose.

Testified Against Himself.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The libel suit of Congressman Atwood against Frederick W. Peabody still continues in the superior court, and yesterday, for the first time, with the plaintiff on the stand, a sensational testimony was adduced. Mr. Atwood said (as city architect) that contracts for city work had frequently been given to others than the lowest bidders, because he thought the lowest might not be reliable or reasonable; that he approved labor bills of contractors sometimes calling for twice the men and time than was actually employed, relying on the honesty, honor and integrity of the contractors, that he split contracts in several instances to avoid advertising them, as the ordinance required, and to get day work which witness believed was better than contract work. Other testimony on similar lines was brought out in the severe cross-examination of Congressman Atwood.

Knives Freshly Used.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—During a row, which began over a game of pool in the Italian colony last night, much blood was spilled. William E. Murphy, 28 years old, quarreled with some Italians, and during the fight one of them cut a deep gash in Murphy's throat with a razor. He also received a bad scalp wound from a blow by a cue and was otherwise injured. Antonio Biechere, Rafael Rugeri and Andrea Dellucos all received scalp wounds and cuts about the face. Nicolo Gregori, Antonio Debelli and the three injured Italians were arrested, charged with assaulting Murphy. The latter was sent to the hospital in a critical condition.

Hope Child Identified.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 4.—Little Goldie Hope, who was abducted over two years ago, and a few days ago found at the house of a Mrs. West in this city, will be restored to her home in Cambridge, Mass., early next week, after a legal hearing to

decide when Mrs. Victoria Hope is the rightful parent. Mrs. Hope yesterday picked out the child from seven or eight others at the S. P. C. O. institution. She also described marks on the child's body. Mrs. Williams, the colored woman, in whose possession the child was found, says that when she received it at Boston, its board was paid for three months.

Off For Rome.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Rev. William H. O'Brien, departed yesterday for Baltimore, en route for Rome, where he will assume the rectory of the American college. As a golden remembrance of the brother priests, he was the recipient of \$8000 in gold. At the depot, the impromptu farewell reception brought together a number of prominent clergymen and citizens of Boston.

Governor Turney's Request.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Governor Greenbush is in receipt of a letter from Governor Turney of Tennessee, asking Massachusetts to support and help that state in an industrial interstate and international exposition at Nashville, to begin Sept. 1, 1906, and to continue 100 days.

New England Briefs.

Rev. Nathaniel G. Clark, D.D., former secretary of the American Board of missions, died at Boston, aged 71.

Pasquella Sugo, a laborer, 30 years of age, was instantly killed in Brockton, Mass., by a large rock falling upon him.

Figures compiled at the marine department of the custom house show Boston trade is going more into foreign vessels.

The Greater Boston' Commercial advertiser the construction of a new county, taking in the towns of the metropolitan district.

James Hitebeck, 16 years old, while skating on Ayer's pond, Peterham, Mass., broke through the ice and was drowned.

The trustees of Kenyon college, Gambler, O., have elected Professor L. S. Luther of Trinity college, Hartford, as president.

W. Irving Adams of Montclair, N. J., died of apoplexy. He was 64 years old. Mr. Adams was a direct descendant of Henry Adams of Braintree, Mass.

Since the passage of the tuberculosis law in Connecticut, 2092 head of cattle have been examined, and 333 condemned and slaughtered at a total cost of \$15,921.

Beta chapter of the Phi Beta Kappa was instituted at Colby university, and President Nathaniel Butler was chosen president and Dr. W. A. Rogers secretary.

Mike Welsh, who escaped from the Brentwood (N. H.) house of correction, where he was serving out a sentence for highway robbery, was caught in Dover.

Ex-Lieutenant Governor Lucius B. Darling died at Pawtucket, R. I., from rheumatism of the heart, aged 68 years. He was one of the most prominent men in the state.

The beginning of the winter term at Harvard was marked by the opening of the Hemmenway gymnasium and Goro hall library, which have been closed for six months.

The shipment of shoes from Haverhill, Mass., during the past week was 9234 cases, the largest for any corresponding week for 10 years. Salesmen report trade prospects somewhat brighter.

The transfer of the New York and Boston mail service, now performed by the Boston and Albany railroad, to the New York, New Haven and Hartford, is contemplated by the postoffice department.

Dr. J. C. Moore filed in the probate court at Nashua, N. H., his report of administration as guardian of Nina D. Brookhouse. The property is valued at \$36,000, of which \$25,000 is in Boston water bonds.

The will of Mrs. Maria H. Voss, late of Nashua, N. H., gives the day nursery \$200, Good Hope society, \$100, Charitable society of the First Congregational church, \$500, and the New Hampshire Home Missionary society, \$500.

The Worcester (Mass.) city council passed an order requesting the mayor to petition congress to authorize the use of a United States naval vessel to forward supplies contributed by the American people to suffering Armenians under the auspices and control of the American Red Cross and its president.

Decrease All Around.

OTTAWA, Jan. 4.—Trade and navigation returns for the past fiscal year show a steady decline. The exports fell from \$117,824,949 in 1904, and \$118,584,939 in 1905, to \$118,088,803 in 1906. The imports decreased to \$110,781,982, from \$126,474,940 in 1904, and \$129,073,968 in 1905. The value of the dutiable goods entered for consumption was \$105,422,511, as compared with \$113,098,988 in 1904, and \$121,705,080 in 1905.

The Thunderer's Modesty.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The Times declares that any overtures, in the spirit of Mr. Schurz's proposed joint commission must emanate from the United States. Of course, says The Times, if the United States is willing to limit the work of the Venezuelan commission to a mere inquiry, and should invite England to co-operate, we should have seriously to consider her offer.

Settlement in Sight.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—A meeting of the garment workers and knapsack operators was held last night. One of the leaders said that 17 of the contractors had removed the obnoxious notices from their workshops and had agreed to the terms of the clubs. It is confidently hoped that the whole strike will be settled by Monday.

General Lopez Arrested.

CARACAS, Jan. 4.—A profound sensation has been caused by the arrest of General Hermogenes Lopez, once the president of Venezuela in the time of Guzman Blanco. The arrest was made, it is said, because of the discovering of the revolutionary correspondence involving the latter.

Six on Death List.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.—Six men are dead and two are missing as the result of the terrible explosion of fireworks in the H. B. Grubbs commission building at 308 North Second street.

The Porte's Concession.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The state department has been informed that the porte has consented to allow relief to be extended to the suffering Armenians through American residents in Turkey, and, although it is not aware that any of the United States consular officers in Turkey have been employed in the work, it is not probable that any objection would be interposed if they desired to assist in the distribution.

Chinese-Americans.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—Judge Morrow decided yesterday in the United States district court that every Chinese born in the United States is a citizen thereof. The decision was rendered in the case of Wong Kim Ark, who was born in 1873 in Sacramento, returned to China a year, and is refused landing because the collector of the port holds he is not a citizen.

Utah Is With Us.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The president today issued his proclamation in conformity with the act of congress, stating that the people of Utah have complied with all of the requirements of the law providing for the admission of Utah to the Union, and declaring that the territory has passed out of existence and that Utah is admitted to the family of states.

AMERICAN SENTIMENT

Must Not Be Ignored by England in the Venezuelan Dispute.

Arbitration the Only Means of Settlement.

London Chronicle's Special Commissioner Offers Some Sound Advice.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The Chronicle says in an editorial this morning. The American case in its latest developments is now before Great Britain. We can only suggest that it demands a most careful consideration.

We withdraw nothing that we have said as to the impossible character of the deal, and that England must accept the decision of an American tribunal, but we ask whether all the suggestions enumerated by our commissioner can be met with a point-blank refusal.

We ask for a cool and quiet preparation of the national mind, above all, for a determination to put aside passion and prejudice and consider simply how peace may be kept and the nations reasonably satisfied.

Lord Salisbury is master of the situation. He will have public opinion behind him in a resistance to claims inconsistent with the honor of the empire. Above all, let us have a Bellingham treaty at once as an earnest of the settlement of the Venezuelan problem.

The foregoing editorial is inspired by a Disposition of Great Importance received by The Chronicle from its special commissioner in Washington. The dispatch reads as follows:

I am now at length able to speak with confidence of opinion in the highest American quarters. The only condition to which the men whom I specially desired to see would speak has been my personal pledge not even by a hint to betray their names; therefore I can only give you my word that I am not exaggerating my authorities.

President Cleveland's message to congress has done several things good and evil. First, it has destroyed every chance of saving the Armonians.

Second, it has given a strong impetus toward closer ties between Great Britain and her colonies. Third, it has enormously emphasized the line of cleavage always existing, but discreetly ignored, between east and west in the United States. The east today regards the east especially a European annex and New York bankers as allies of the "money sharks" of Europe.

Fourth, it has rendered certain the creation of a great American navy, which the next generation will be almost irresistibly tempted to use for aggression. Fifth, and most important, it has, unless foolish words or unforeseen events bar its natural consequence, paved the way for better future relations, because Americans, having experience of the consequences, will cease their ignorant denunciations, and the Englishmen will learn to show much greater respect to American national opinion, knowing that force is behind it, and will therefore refrain from provoking it by utterances and acts of veiled contempt.

Finally the message has rendered possible the avoidance of a far vaster danger, namely, the question of the Nicaragua canal. A man who would be very near the head of the American army in case of war, said to me, "It is a blessing the Venezuelan affair has happened, because a specific solution of this will point the way to the same thing over Nicaragua, concerning which, otherwise, the two nations would certainly have fought."

Every paper reprints my yesterday's

dispatch with striking headlines. Great surprise is expressed here that it should have been necessary for an English journalist to come to Washington in order to secure the publication of official British correspondence so vital to the issue. Passing over the compliment, the fact is certainly curious and the significance not altogether pleasant.

Americans Anxious For Arbitration.

However, the Schomburgk line is now proved destitute of any equality of permanence, and it therefore remains to consider the situation as affected by its removal. I can affirm positively that the American government is, above everything, anxious for arbitration. Whatever may have been its actual result, the intention of President Cleveland's message was amiable.

But behind it has sprung up a national sentiment which it would be utter madness on the part of the English people to disregard or underestimate. The Monroe doctrine is not worth discussing. The fact is, that if Venezuela does not come within the four corners of the Monroe doctrine then the new doctrine, the Olney doctrine, covers it, and American opinion overwhelmingly favors its general principles. Moreover, America demands arbitration as a sacred right, and for this she will fight if need be.

I am astounded at the depth and character of American feeling on this question. Men, experienced, staid, elderly, conservative, many holding judicial positions of great responsibility, frankly declare their uncompromising support of this American doctrine. And while it is clear that President Cleveland was infinitely too clever and too devoted to his own party not to see that his message would deal a knock-down blow to the two groups of his political enemies—Republicans and free silver men—still, no greater mistake would be possible than for England to regard the proposition as a mere party maneuver. If this latter view gains acceptance, the consequence of the mistake may be awful.

Now, how shall arbitration be reached? The best way of all would be for Lord Salisbury to come to an arrangement direct with Venezuela. The cabinet here would much prefer this course. I understand, upon high authority, that the Venezuelan government would express its regret at the Venezuelan outrage, pay all the additional indemnity demanded, and request England to resume diplomatic relations, if in return England would agree to a complete tribunal she might select. And America would bring every pressure to bear to this end, if Venezuela hesitated. Lord Salisbury's dispatch intimated that the absence of diplomatic relations constituted a bar to negotiation. The above suggestion, it is noted, is as America will defend the British right to an apology and indemnity, no loss of dignity would be involved by accepting.

The second method is, if Lord Salisbury will so believe the commission fair and competent to consider the historical question and ask if the American government would permit him to name British commissioners to join it, without committing himself to abide by the result. I can assure that the cabinet would instantly welcome the proposal.

The third method is, supposing the American commission devotes its attention first to the territory England is willing to arbitrate, and report there to a prima facie case for considering the larger question at the same time, will Lord Salisbury then consent to submit that question to either the single or a dual commission?

There is a fourth method, for I have every reason to believe that Mr. Bayard will inform Lord Salisbury of the constitution of the commission, and say that if England is willing to lay her case before it without prejudice, America will be very glad to receive the documents. Indeed, the request for the British case may be more direct and pressing than this. It is impossible to see how Lord Salisbury can

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refuse and equally impossible to see now, having succeeded, he can wholly disregard the finding.

Here, again, arbitration appears the inevitable and natural result. By declining arbitration in any shape, Lord Salisbury is courting for England the ill-will of two continents. Most weighty of all, and this is my serious but confident conclusion, if he does, the American people will consider fighting for arbitration as fighting for peace.

Behaving Sea Altitude.

I beg your attention to one other urgent matter. The Behring sea commission declared that America should pay \$425,000 or appoint a commission to determine the damages Secretary Gresham made it clear that the assent of congress was essential to the payment. Congress, in spite of President Cleveland's pressure, refused. The president's message of Dec. 8 last said that if congress still declined to affirm the award, "it certainly will hardly dissent from the proposition that the government is bound by every consideration of honor and good faith to provide for the speedy adjustment of these claims by arbitration as the only other alternative. A treaty of arbitration has there fore been agreed upon, and will be immediately laid before the senate so that in one of the modes suggested a final settlement may be reached."

Now this treaty has been drawn up, discussed, approved by America, by Canada and by the British ambassador here. Where is it? It is lying in London in the hands of the British government. Meanwhile the president is unable to keep his promise to congress, and must soon make awkward explanations if nothing is done. The instant conclusion of this treaty is demanded by the effect upon the public opinion of both countries of one reference to arbitration, while another is hanging above of belittling feeling here and of the sympathetic attitude of England. Pray urge this in the interests of peace.

The Chronicle publishes from the blue books a summary of the negotiations with Venezuela between 1884 and 1896. Commenting upon this summary, The Chronicle says: Evidently some important documents are missing from the official publications, and the public have been left in ignorance of much of the real evidence. All the documents we have recently published were accessible to the government agents, and if the foreign office possesses evidence to strengthen

Lord Salisbury's position, surely it is time it was published.

The Frisco Scandal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Mary A. Davidson says that the mysterious Mrs. Baddin, whom she declares forced her to act the part of intermediary in the attempt to extort \$10,000 from Rev. Dr. C. O. Brown, will be produced in court as a witness for the defense. The detectives who are working on the case think that the real Mrs. Baddin is Mrs. Davidson herself. Dr. Brown is being severely criticized in some quarters because his counsel will not permit any inquiry to be made into the truth or falsity of the scandal connecting his name with that of Miss Ovelman.

Tupper Preferred.

OTTAWA, Jan. 4.—A rumor, which is generally believed, is current that the government will dissolve parliament and appeal to the country within a week. The cause of the dissolution is said to be disunion in the Conservative ranks, a majority of the party desiring to oust Premier Bowell and reelect Sir Charles Tupper, who recently came over from England to consult, as he gave out, with the government in the matter of fast Atlantic steamships.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

The Chengtu commission in China is reported successful.

A shortage of \$77,000 has been discovered in the Omaha city treasury. Baltimore national banks have bid for \$1,500,000 worth of the proposed new government bonds.

The Danish government holds that the United States should have regarded the steamer Horsa as a pirate.

Owing to severe weather the Umbria was unable to land her Irish passengers or mails at Queenstown, and after embarking a pilot she proceeded for Liverpool.

William Barnes, aged 60 years, was shot and probably fatally wounded by John B. McClure at Westchester, Pa. The tragedy was due to the faithfulness of McClure's wife.

At Millersville, Ky., a boy named Walters shot his two little cousins, girls, aged 4 and 8. A third was also slightly injured. The boy then sent a bullet through his own head.

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